

# ROIC: The Truth Behind the Numbers The Link Between Corporate Performance & Valuation

Important Disclosure Information is contained on the last page of this report. The recipient of this report is directed to read these disclosures.

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- 1. Why ROIC is important
- 2. Why don't more people use ROIC?
- 3. How to calculate ROIC at scale
- 4. Get diligent research for free
- 5. Why you need protection now more than ever



# Part I Why ROIC is important

# The purpose of capital markets is to allocate capital to its most efficient use

- If this is true, then capital should flow to where it will earn the highest return
- As a result, return on invested capital should (and does) drive valuations.

New Constructs

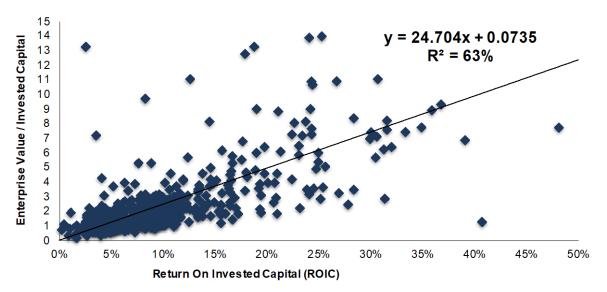


 Return on Invested Capital (ROIC) is vital to value creation, see "<u>Getting ROIC Right</u>" from Ernst & Young.

NOPAT/Average Invested Capital

Or

NOPAT/Revenue \* Revenue/Average Invested Capital



**ROIC Explains 63% of Valuation for S&P 500** 

\*This graph was created based on information collected and analyzed by New Constructs, LLC. New Constructs regularly gathers information from over 3,000 companies' 10Ks, including the Notes to the Financial Statements and MD&A.

# TOP INVESTORS PREFER ROIC



- 77% of buy-side investors say ROIC is an excellent or very good metric for linking executive pay to performance, more than any other metric.
- Investors recognize ROIC is the truest measure of corporate performance



Source: Rivel Research Group (June 2016).



# Part II Why Don't More People Use ROIC?



People like the idea of ROIC, but few have the resources/expertise/will to calculate it in a diligent manner. Challenges in this process include:

- Earnings Manipulation: CFO's themselves say that 20% of companies intentionally misrepresent their earnings each year.
- **Hidden Capital:** Lots of capital is either hidden off-balance sheet or misrepresented on the balance sheet in the form of write-downs, operating leases, OCI, etc.
- Changing Accounting Rules: Changes in accounting rules can lead to big changes to financial statements.
- **Non-Recurring Items:** One-time items distort profitability and mislead investors.

# CALCULATING ROIC IS HARD Previous Attempts





"Forget EPS, ROE, and ROI. The true measure of your company's performance is EVA!" -Stern Stewart & Co. magazine advertisements

"CFROIs are ideally suited to displaying long-term track records, whereas a Stern Stewart-type EVA is in millions of dollars, heavily influenced by asset size, and unadjusted for inflation-induced biases." --HOLT Value Associates partner Bartley J. Madden, writing in the National Association of Corporate Directors newsletter

ould Coke and Pepsi compete any harder than this? Spurred by lucrative fees and Corporate America's frenzied search for shareholder value, consultants are scrambling over each other to help companies
 install new value-based performance metrics to replace the old standbys of per-share earnings, return on equity, and return on investment. In the Coca-Cola role is the New York-based Stern Stewart pow-

erhouse, promoting its proprietary Economic Value Added and EVA's companion performance measurement, Market Value Added (MVA). Offering the "challenge" are The Boston Consulting Group (BCG), whose

Chicago-based experts combine cash flow return on

investment. or CFROI. with a concept they call Total Business Return (TBR): Chicago-based CFROI proponent HOLT Value Associates: various purveyors of EVA look-alikes; and such other marketers of the nen-glamour metrics as LEK/Alcar Consulting Group and its Shareholder Value Added (SVA).

"It's usually- a bake-off between three or four or five of us." says BCG vice president Eric Olsen, who also bears the title of value-management practice leader. "Once in a while it's just us and Stern Stewart; we've become known for offering two state-of-the-art services." Steve Stetz, vice president for financial planning and analysis, Monsanto Co.:

"Each [consultant] comes in and sings the praises of their particular approach or metric—and does their level best to take the other guy's product apart."



- Enthusiasm for ROIC-based metrics declined as the Tech bubble elevated unprofitable and overvalued stocks.
- Giants like Coca-Cola (KO) and AT&T (T) stopped using EVA after 1998.
- "Consultant's Concoction" meant metrics were proprietary, expensive, and difficult to compare.

<b>MERCHANTS OF</b>	
SOME CONSULTANTS THAT METRIC	S

COMPANY	LOCATION	PREFERRED MEASUREMENTS
The Boston Consulting Group	Chicago	CFROI, CVA
Braxton Associates*	Boston	Various programs, including CFROI and EVA-like measures
Finegan & Gressle	New York	EVA variants
HOLT Value Associates	Chicago	CFROI
KPMG Peat Marwick	New York	"Economic Value Management"
LEK/Alcar Consulting Group	Chicago	"Value Based Management"
Marakon	Stamford, CT	Various financial and strategic measures
Price Waterhouse	New York	CFROI and various performance measures
Stern Stewart & Co.	New York	EVA, MVA
Vanguard Partners	Ridgefield, CT	EVA variants

\*Unit of Deloitte & Touche Consulting Group

# Percentage Breakdown of Institutional Investor Categories

Quasi-Indexers	61%
Transients	31%
Dedicated	<u>8%</u>
Total	100%

Source: Brian Bushee, "Identifying and Attracting the 'Right' Investors: Evidence on the Behavior of Institutional Investors," Journal of Applied Corporate Finance, Vol. 16, 4, Fall 2004, 28-35

### Institutional Investor Categories Definitions:

- 1. Quasi-indexers low turnover and small stakes
- 2. Transients high turnover and small stakes
- 3. Dedicated low turnover and large stakes

Click here for a copy of the original article.

New Constructs

### Shorter Holding Periods for Stocks

- Until mid-1960's average holding period was 7 years.
- Average holding period is <1 year and annual portfolio turnover is >100%<sup>1</sup>.

### Major Reactions to Quarterly Earnings

- Stock prices make large moves in response to earnings surprises.
- Suggests that long-term cash flows are less important.

### Retail Investors - growth market

- Schwab, TD Waterhouse, Scottrade
- Day trading

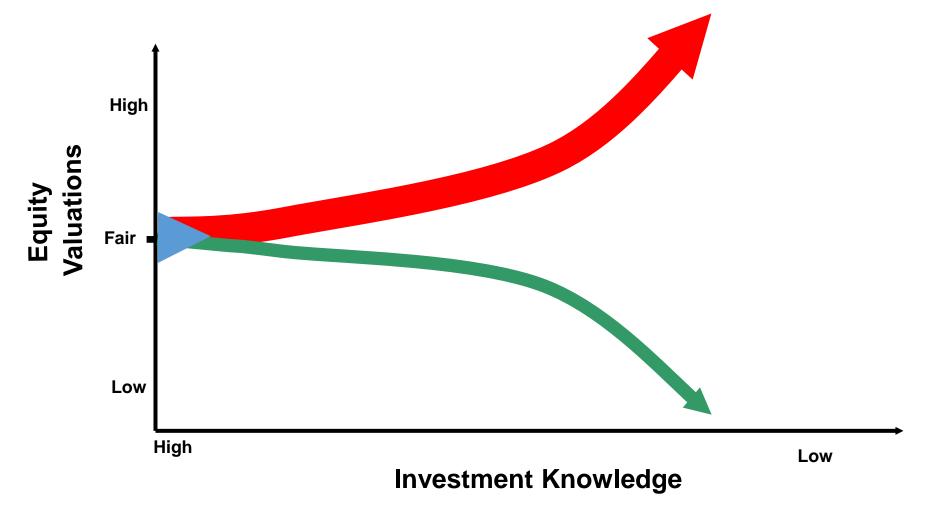
### Media - growth market

- TV: Mad Money, CNBC Squawk Box and Squawk on the Street.
- Print: Wall Street Journal, Investors Business Daily, local newspapers.
- Web: Motley Fool, The Street.Com, CBS MarketWatch

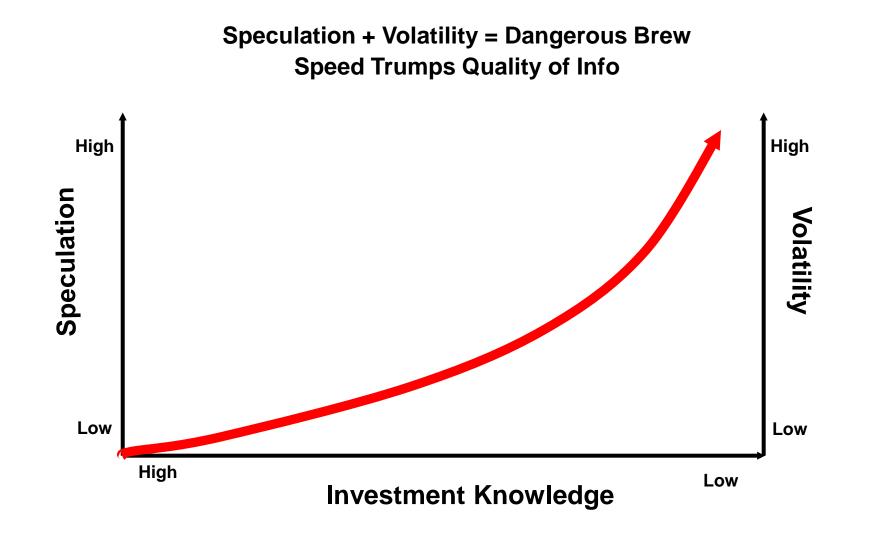
<sup>1</sup>Rappaport, Alfred. "The Economics of Short-Term Performance Obsession." *Financial Analysts Journal*, vol. 61, no. 3 (May/June 2005): 65-79.

New Constructs

### **Unrealistic Expectations Become A Self-Fulfilling Prophecy**



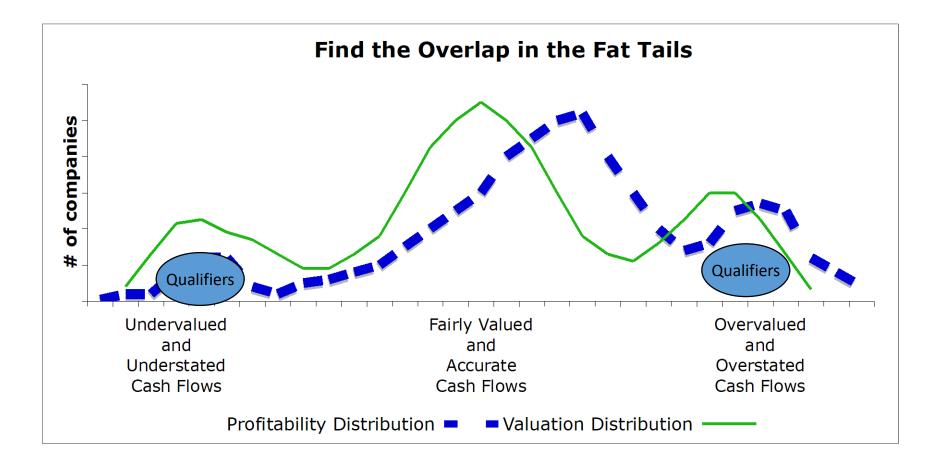
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# Part III How to Calculate ROIC – At Scale

Core Problem: GAAP is exploitable. Only Solution: Read the Footnotes and MD&A.

Traditional P&L	Economic P&L
Revenues	Revenues
<ul> <li>operating expenses</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>operating expenses</li> </ul>
	- Hidden Incomes/Charges
=pretax earnings	=pretax earnings
- taxes	- taxes
=Reported Profit	=Profit
	<ul> <li>capital charge/hidden liabilities and assets</li> </ul>
	= Economic Profit

New Constructs

\*



- Hidden Expenses/Income
- Unrecorded Goodwill
- Impairments
- Unconsolidated Subsidiaries
- Minority Interests
- Unrealized Gains/Losses
- Changes in Accounting Rules •
- Derivatives Exposure
- Customer Concentration
- FASB 159

- Employee Stock Options
- Option Valuation Assumptions
- Operating Leases
- Loan Loss/LIFO Reserves
- Pension Assumptions
- Excess Cash
- Iles Pension Over/Under Funding
  - Auditor's Opinions
  - Carrying Value vs Fair Value
  - Mid-year acquisitions

Link to white papers on each of these adjustments.

New Constructs



- **NOPAT**  $\implies$  core operating earnings after-tax
- **Invested Capital**  $\implies$  all cash invested in the business
- WACC is rent management must pay for use of capital

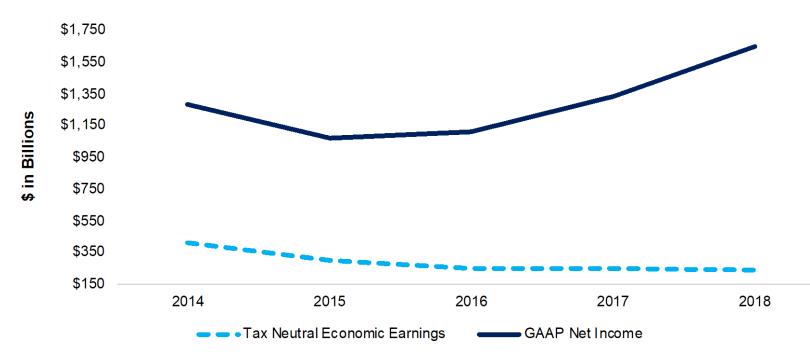
Return on Invested Capital = NOPAT/Avg Invested Capital

Economic Earnings = (ROIC – WACC) \* Invested Capital

• Aka: "EVA", economic profit, residual income



"Look at the financial footnotes in 10-K filings and the gains then disappear" "Only 1 sector has experienced real earnings gains in the past 12 months" - MarketWatch.com <u>5/4/17</u> & <u>2/28/18</u>

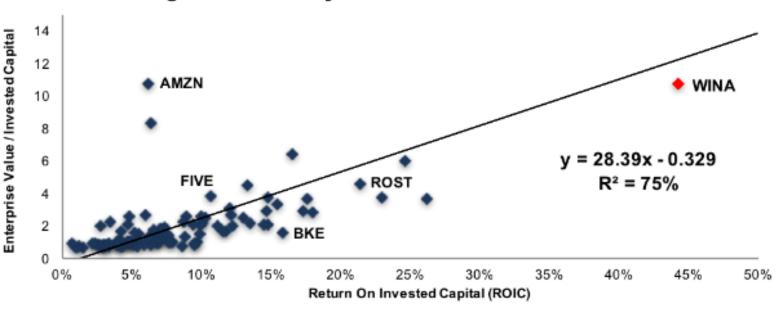


### **GAAP Earnings Rising, Economic Earnings Falling**



# Winmark (WINA)

- ROIC had increased from 13% in 2006 to 44% in 2017
- Capital-light franchise model had led to significant growth
- Stock was significantly undervalued compared to retail peers



### Regression Analysis Shows WINA is Undervalued



# Winmark (WINA)

- ROIC continues to rise, up to 53% TTM
- Reiterated our call on 10/24/2018 and still recommending
- Stock is up 28% since our original Long Idea vs. S&P 500 up 16%



# WINA Outperformed SPY by 12%



# Winmark Corp (WINA)

Closing Price: \$171.23 (Jul 08, 2019) Market Value: \$644 Million Dividend Yield: 0.6% Sector: Consumer Cyclicals

Analyst Notes : Most Attractive Stocks Model Portfolio Jul 2019 | Focus List (Long) Model Portfolio Jun 2019

	Quality of	Earnings		Valuation	
Risk/Reward Rating ⑦	Economic vs Reported EPS ⑦	ROIC ⑦	FCF Yield ⑦	Price to EBV ⑦	Market-Implied GAP ⑦
Very Unattractive	Misleading Trend	Bottom Quintile	< -5%	> 3.5 or -1 < 0	> 50
Unattractive	False Positive	4th Quintile	-5% < -1%	2.4 < 3.5 or < -1	20 < 50
Neutral	Neutral EE	3rd Quintile	-1% < 3%	1.6 < 2.4	10 < 20
Attractive	Positive EE	2nd Quintile	3% < 10%	1.1 < 1.6	3 < 10
Very Attractive	Rising EE	Top Quintile	> 10%	0 < 1.1	0 < 3
Actual Values					
WINA	\$6.95 vs. \$7.30	53%	5%	1.2	3 yrs
Benchmarks ⑦	]				
Sector ETF (XLY)	Positive EE	17%	3%	4.4	40 yrs
S&P 500 ETF (SPY)	Neutral EE	18%	1%	3.1	42 yrs
Small Cap ETF (IWM)	Positive EE	6%	-1%	3.2	39 yrs
	· · · ·	Add to Portfolio	Company Model	Download XLS	Download Report



# 3 Ways to Beat the Market - systematically

### Better Data - difficult and expensive to obtain

• Gathering and analyzing data from the Notes to the Financial Statements provides a competitive advantage.

### Better Analysis - not just your neighbor, one must out-think the entire market

- Better data means better models.
- Better models provide better analysis.

### Better Discipline - stick to your guns, don't follow the herd.

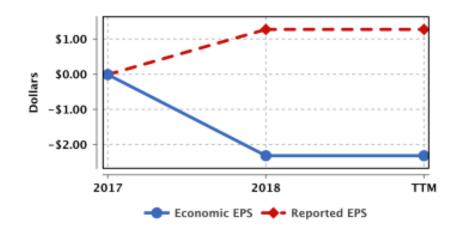
- Long and short strategy is built on specific, quantifiable thresholds derived from a model we can trust.
- Our models do all the number crunching to supply our human capital with unique information and decision-making capabilities.



# Part IV Get Our Research – for free!



#### Accounting vs Economic Earnings



#### Earnings & Valuation Diligence Summary

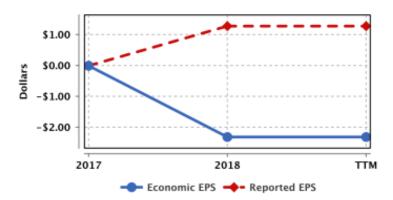
- UBER's accounting earnings overstate its economic earnings, which equal (ROIC - WACC) \* Average Invested Capital.
- For UBER, we made a total of \$15,910 million in income statement and balance sheet adjustments to convert accounting earnings to economic earnings in FY18.
- We made \$9,369 million in adjustments in our DCF valuation of the stock.
- See Appendix 1 for details on our calculations of key metrics and Appendices 2 and 3 for details on our <u>adjustments.</u>



#### Investment Rating Details

Risk/Reward	Quality of	Earnings	ngs Valuatio		'n	
Rating	Economic vs Reported EPS	Return on Invested Capital (ROIC)	FCF Yield	Price-to-EBV Ratio	Growth Appreciation Period (yrs)	
Very Unattractive	Misleading Trend	Bottom Quintile	<-5%	> 3.5 or -1 < 0	> 50	
Unattractive	False Positive	4th Quintile	-5%<-1%	2.4 < 3.5 or < -1	20 < 50	
Neutral	Neutral EE	3rd Quintile	-1%<3%	1.6 < 2.4	10 < 20	
Attractive	Positive EE	2nd Quintile	3%<10%	1.1 < 1.6	3 < 10	
Very Attractive	Rising EE	Top Quintile	>10%	0 < 1.1	0 < 3	
Actual Values	(\$2.32) vs. \$1.27	-12%	-11%	-2.1	> 100	
Sector ETF (QQQ)	Positive EE	30%	2%	3.5	54	
S&P 500 ETF (SPY)	Positive EE	18%	2%	2.8	43	

#### Accounting vs Economic Earnings



#### **Earnings & Valuation Diligence Summary**

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# New Constructs



#### vestment Rating Details

Risk/Reward	Quality of	Earnings		Valuation	
Rating	Economic vs Reported EPS	Return on Invested Capital (ROIC)	FCF Yield	Price-to-EBV Ratio	Growth Appreciation Period (yrs)
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Attractive	Positive EE	2nd Quintile	3%<10%	1.1 < 1.6	3 < 10
Very Attractive	Rising EE	Top Quintile	>10%	0 < 1.1	0 < 3
Actual Values	(\$8.67) vs. (\$5.65)	1%	-1%	-3.2	> 100
Sector ETF (XLY)	Rising EE	17%	3%	4.8	44
S&P 500 ETF (SPY)	Positive EE	18%	2%	2.8	43

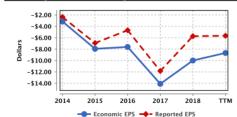
#### Accounting vs

Stock Performa

Year to Date

Last 30 Days Last 60 Days

Last 90 Days Last Year



#### arnings & Valuation Diligence Summar

- · TSLA's accounting earnings overstate its economic earnings, which equal (ROIC - WACC) \* Average Invested Capital.
- · For TSLA, we made a total of \$9,201 million in income statement and balance sheet adjustments to convert accounting earnings to economic earnings in FY18.
- · We made \$23,138 million in adjustments in our DCF valuation of the stock.
- · See Appendix 1 for details on our calculations of key metrics and Appendices 2 and 3 for details on our adjustments

	Key Market Statistics		About New Constructs
(23.3%) (7.1%) (7.7%) (20.5%) (13.2%)	Enterprise Value (MM) Market Value (MM) EV/EBITDA EBV per Share Shares Outstanding (Thousands) P/E (TTM)	\$59,814 \$44,358 29.71 (\$78.64) 173,721 -45.20	New Constructs is an inde powered by machine learn demonstrated the superior data & models. See our we www.newce

# ependent equity research firm ning. Ernst & Young prity of our ROIC methodology,

- ebsite for details
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Economic Earnings are Neutral

#### ROBO-ANALYST RESEARCH

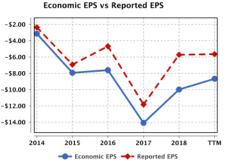
05/07/2019





The majority of data required to reverse accounting distortions is available only in the Footnotes and MD&A, which we analyze rigorously. Our core competency is gathering and analyzing all relevant financial data from filings so that we can deliver earnings analysis that best represents the true profitability of businesses

Economic Earnings per share (EEPS) for TSLA for the trailing twelve months are (\$8.67) compared to reported earnings per share of (\$5.65) and earn a Neutral rating. See Appendix 1 for a detailed reconciliation.



#### Return on Invested Capital (ROIC)

#### **ROIC is Very Unattractive**

ROIC measures a company's return on all cash invested in the business. It is the truest measure of profitability. Stock valuations are more highly correlated to ROIC than any other metric.

Weighted-Average Cost of Capital (WACC) is the average of debt and equity capital costs that all publicly traded companies with debt and equity stakeholders incur as a cost of operating.

Companies must earn an ROIC greater than WACC to generate positive economic earnings and create value for shareholders.

TSLA's ROIC of 0.7% for the trailing twelve months earns a Very Unattractive rating. ROIC is calculated as NOPAT of \$139 million divided by Average Invested Capital of \$20,797 million. See Appendix 1 for a detailed reconciliation.

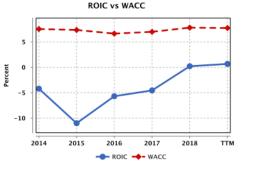
#### Free Cash Flow Yield (FCF Yield)

#### Free Cash Flow Yield is Neutral

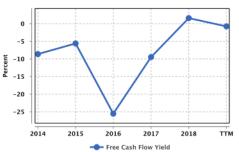
Free Cash Flow reflects the amount of cash free for distribution to all stakeholders (including debt & equity). FCF Yield divides free cash flow by enterprise value

Using Free Cash Flow Yield to pick stocks is not a new strategy. However, our strategy yields superior results because we use a better measure of Free Cash Flow. In the same way our Economic EPS are better measures of profitability than reported EPS, our measure of Free Cash Flow is better than traditional accounting-based Free Cash Flow.

TSLA's FCF is (\$456) million for the trailing twelve months and its current Enterprise Value is \$59,814 million. FCF Yield is (0.8%) and earns a Neutral rating. See Appendix 1 for a detailed reconciliation.



#### Free Cash Flow Yield



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#### **ROBO-ANALYST RESEARCH**

05/07/2019

#### Price-to-EBV Ratio

#### Price-to-EBV Ratio is Unattractive

Price-to-Economic Book Value (EBV) measures the difference between the market's expectations for future profits and the no-growth value of the stock.

EBV measures the no-growth value of the company based on the company's current Net Operating Profit After Tax (NOPAT).

When prices are higher than EBV, the market predicts the NOPAT of the company will increase and expectations for profit growth are reflected in the stock. If the stock price equals EBV, the market predicts NOPAT will remain the same and there are no expectations for profit growth reflected in the stock. When stock prices are lower than EBV, the market predicts NOPAT will decrease and expectations for permanent profit decline are reflected in the stock.

In general, we like to buy stocks with low expectations for profit growth and sell/short stocks with high expectations for profit growth.

TSLA's current Price-to-EBV per share is (3.2) and earns an Unattractive rating, TSLA's stock price is \$255.34 and its EBV per share for the trailing twelve months is (\$78.64). See Appendix 1 for a detailed reconciliation.

#### **Growth Appreciation Period**

#### The Growth Appreciation Period is Very Unattractive

The market-implied duration of profit growth or <u>GAP</u> measures the number of years the company must maintain an edge over its competitors by earning ROIC greater than the weighted-average cost of capital on new investments.

We believe TSLA embeds a Very Unattractive level of market expectations because there is a very large difference between the expected financial performance implied by its market price and the company's historical performance.

At TSLA's current stock price of \$255.34, the market is expecting revenue to grow at 5.2% for more than 100 years. Over this period, TSLA is also expected to generate an average Economic Earnings Margin of 3.3%.

These results are derived using our dynamic discounted cash flow model.



	Historical Performance			Market Expectations	
Performance Hurdles	5 Yr	3Yr	Last FY	Default	
	0	based on cur			
Stock Price	\$222.41	\$213.69	\$332.80	\$255.34	
Revenue CAGR	60.9%	75.1%	81.2%	5.2%	
ROIC - WACC	(10.0%)	(10.0%)	(7.2%)	3.3%	
Growth Appreciation Period	-	-	-	> 100 years	

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Source: Trader Workstation, Interact	ve Brokers

# **Classic Analyst**

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Company Fundamentals	
- News	
Company Specific News	
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Broad Tape (all subscribed news)	
Today's Top Ten	
Traders' Insight	
Traders' Insight Videos	
Bloomberg TV	
Market Signals	
Social Sentiment	
StockTwits	

Source: Trader Workstation, Interactive Brokers

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Portfolio	Estimize Research	1,100 219,912 100.04 <sup>1</sup> 199.92 +0.69
Watchlist	EventShares Research	1,500 13,433 7.847 8.955 +0
Quote Details	EventVestor - Free	100 186,447 1570.33 1864.47 +19
Trade Log	Insider Insights - Free	1,100 202,697 134.46 <sup>8</sup> 184.28 +1.21
Alerts	New Constructs Research	500 10,490 20.73 c21.000
Market Depth (Level II)	Recognia/vechnical Insight	2,000 207,920 98.07 103.960 +0
BookTrader	Reuters Briefs	1,100 50,881 62.70 <sup>3</sup> 46.26 -0.24
Toolbox	Reuters StockReportsPlus	400 14,060 24.36 <sup>4</sup> 35.15 -0.25
Chart	Reuters Transcripts	100 1,934 19.33 19.34 -0.10
Order Management	Slingshot Insights - Free	700 48,244 65.18 <sup>3</sup> 68.92 +0.21
Time & Sales	Stock Traders Daily - Free	1,000 159,790 115.26 <sup>5</sup> 159.79 -0.30
Scanners	TheStreet Equity Research	/45/ 1 0 0.18 <sup>6</sup> м0.05
Forex	Validea Guru Stock	1,700 91,282 66.218 53.69 -0.53
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Event Calendar	ValuEngine Chinese	GLOBEX 1 145,639 2866.55 2913.00 +3.50 1,200 215,208 151.66 <sup>4</sup> 179.34 -0.31
Daily Lineup	Zacks Company Reports - Free	1,200 215,208 151.66 <sup>4</sup> 179.34 -0.31 1,000 65,230 67.74 <sup>5</sup> 65.23 -0.20
Calendar Events	Available	4,800 263,328 21.57 <sup>3</sup> 54.86 +0.42
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Analyst Research	Alliance News - Italian	EADLINE RANK
Templates	Argus Research	F Update: ETFs, Stocks Turn Higher as Mostly Upbeat Earning 1.00
Option Tools	Asbury Research - Keys To This Week - US Stock Market and Weekly Wrap-Up	ed Omnitek Serves Areas Including Video Conferencing, Projec1.00
Option Chain	Asbury Research - Monthly Investment Compass	ed Omnitek Serves Areas Including Video Conferencing, Projec <mark>1.00</mark>
OptionTrader	Bespoke Weather Active Trader	INTC - SA IT H/W: Key Takeaways From Our March 2019 Visi 0.83
Option Analysis	Bespoke Weather Basic	ing FPGA-Focused Omnitek n/a ing FPGA-Focused Omnitek n/a
Advanced Option Tools		ina could remove ban on US poultry as part of trade deal, according t 1.00
Other Tools		Intel acquires FPGA solutions provider Omnitek, terms undisclosed 1.00
IBot - type to trade		

Source: Trader Workstation, Interactive Brokers



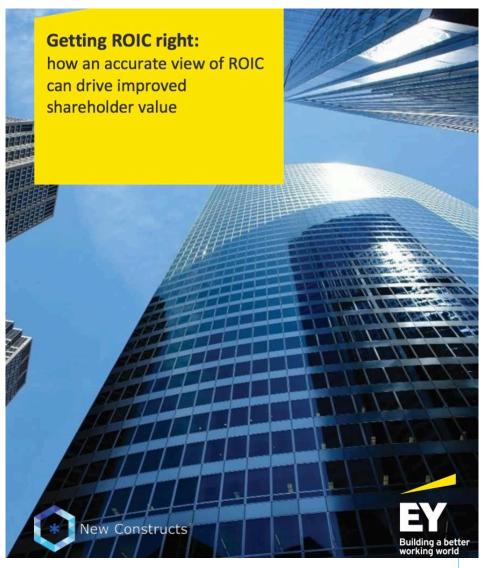
New Constructs

# ERNST & YOUNG SHOWS OUR RIGOR MATTERS White Paper: Investors Deserve Better Data



- It's not often that a big 4 accounting firm like E&Y features the material superiority of a research firm's analytics.
- The white paper provides specific examples for specific companies.
- Google "Revenue 48,778", "long-term debt 16,215" to see which company is "Peer 1".

# Click <u>here</u> for a copy.





### Harvard Business School Case Study features our Research Automation technology. "Disrupting Fundamental Analysis with Robo-Analysts"

Click <u>here</u> for a copy.



KYLE THOMAS

# New Constructs: Disrupting Fundamental Analysis with Robo-Analysts

CEO David Trainer and COO Lee Moneta-Koehler of New Constructs had just met with a potential client. Their pitch was simple: New Constructs "leverages the only parsing technology capable of reviewing every detail of every 10-K and 10-Q" to deliver quality fundamental analysis at scale. After the presentation, the client responded, "You know, you might be right. Your data probably is better. But, as long as everybody's using the same bad data, I'm OK with that." This was a familiar response to Trainer and Moneta-Koehler: they were frustrated by investors who did not see the value of New Constructs' data or technology. They were concerned about the role of quality fundamental analysis in a market increasingly focused on more technical and other short-term trading strategies.

#### New Constructs

Trainer began working on Wall Street at Credit Suisse First Boston (CSFB) as a stock analyst in 1996, where he honed his skills in financial modeling and fundamental analysis. At CSFB, he spearheaded an effort to develop a consistent framework for measuring, comparing, and analyzing the economic earnings and profitability across all firms and industries globally. After reading through thousands of corporate filings, he realized that "the complexities of what's going on in modern day business are so much greater than what the current accounting standards can capture in the income statement and balance sheet." To construct a more accurate economic picture of the firm and to facilitate more meaningful comparisons of performance, his financial models incorporated quantitative details hidden in footnotes and the management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) section, such as operating lease obligations or components of income or expenses that are transitory in nature.

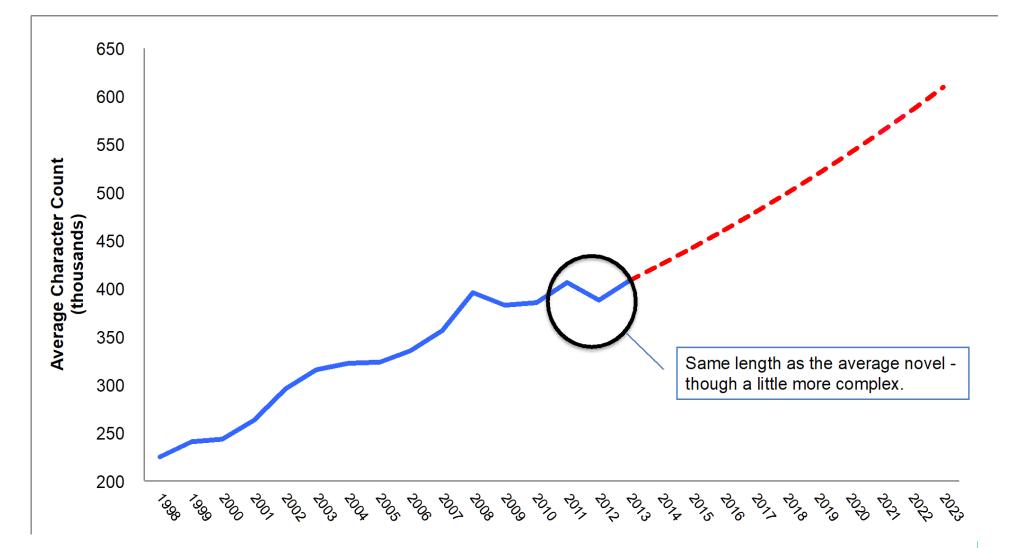
Although these adjustments were often meaningful to his overall assessment of a firm's operating performance and valuation, integrating these details into financial models was not the norm among many sell-side analysts. Trainer believed this was due to a few reasons. For one, the increasing length and complexity of corporate filings and the differences in the application of accounting rules across firms for similar transactions made the execution of such detailed financial models impractical. Even for Trainer, this mode of analysis was difficult to scale.

Professor Charles C.Y. Wang and Research Associate Kyle Thomas prepared this case. It was reviewed and approved before publication by a company designate. Funding for the development of this case was provided by Harvard Business School and not by the company. HBS cases are developed solely as the basis for class for class discussion. Cases are not intended to serve as endorsements, sources of primary data, or illustrations of effective or ineffective management.

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# Part V Why you need protection now more than ever.



New Constructs

## DISCLOSURE TRENDS ARE NOT YOUR FRIEND More Data, More Noise, More Complexity

Filings have grown to 200+ pages

(That's longer than the average novel.)

- Increasingly complex and time-consuming work
- Accounting rules are constantly changing



















### WHO HAS TIME TO READ 200+ PAGE FILINGS?



#### MACHINE LEARNING FROM EXPERTS Human-Validated Parsing Instructions from 140,000+ Filings

 $\bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc$ 

 $\bigcirc$ 

OUR FORENSIC EXPERTS USE CUTTING-EDGE TECH TO SHINE A LIGHT IN THE DARK CORNERS OF FINANCIAL FOOTNOTES.

DATA

New Constructs®

\*



# Appendix



#### SUCCESS WITH HIGH PROFILE INSTITUTIONAL CLIENTS

New Constructs®

FARGO

Institutions: full access to models and tool, including database feeds. Directly access thru our website

ADVISORS

Advisors/RIAs: firm or group-wide access to unlimited research. Direct access via our website or thru partners.



 Retail: individual sign up for Gold, Platinum or Pro subscriptions. Direct access via our website or thru partners.

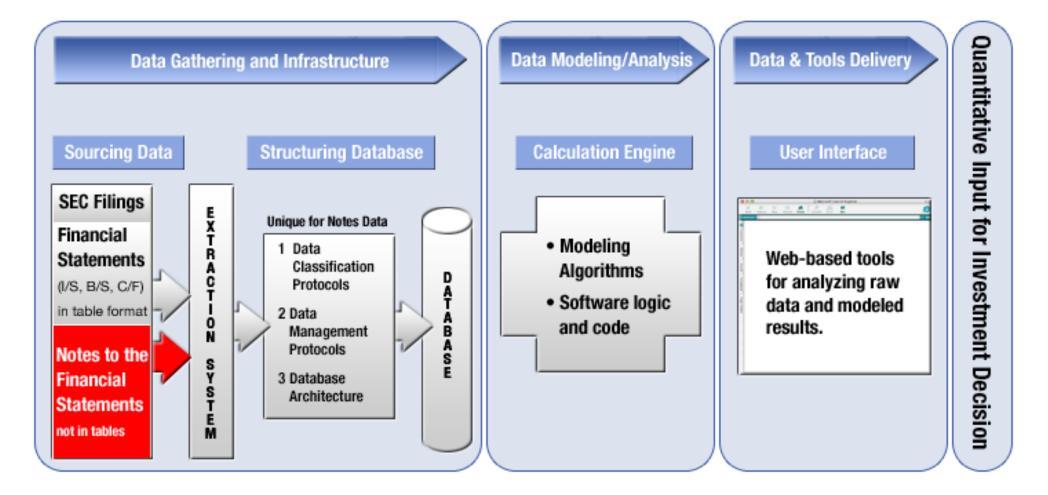


• **Consultants/Corporates**: custom engagements focused on enterprise value optimization and investor relations strategy. Direct access via our website along with custom work and consultation via partners.



New Constructs

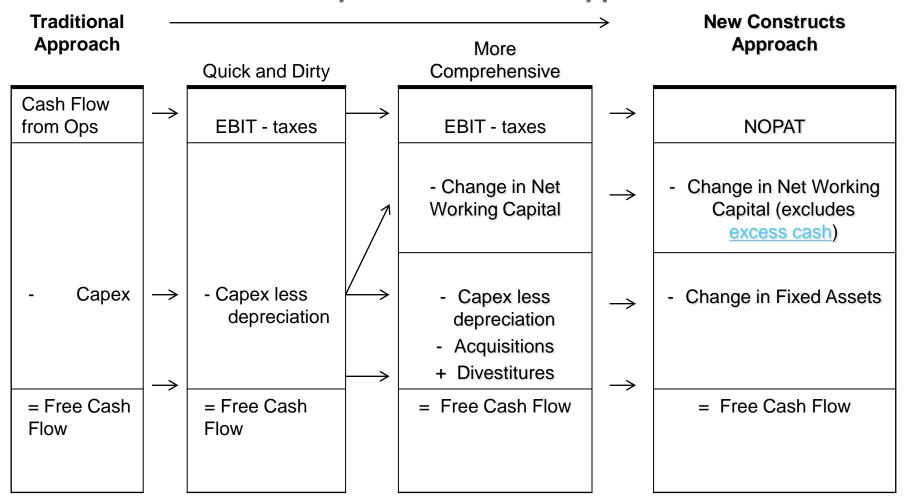




We created our own data collection technology to provide high integrity models to clients. Traditional data feeds are not trustworthy for sophisticated financial modeling.

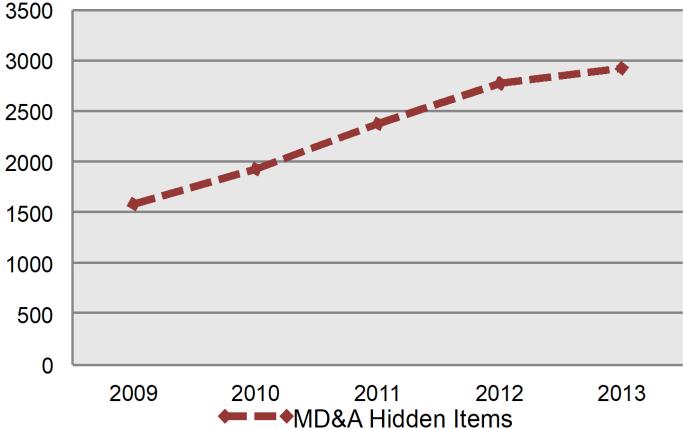


### Free Cash Flow: <u>NOPAT</u> minus Change in <u>Invested Capital</u> How We Compare to traditional approaches to FCF





# Material Hidden Items 16% CAGR



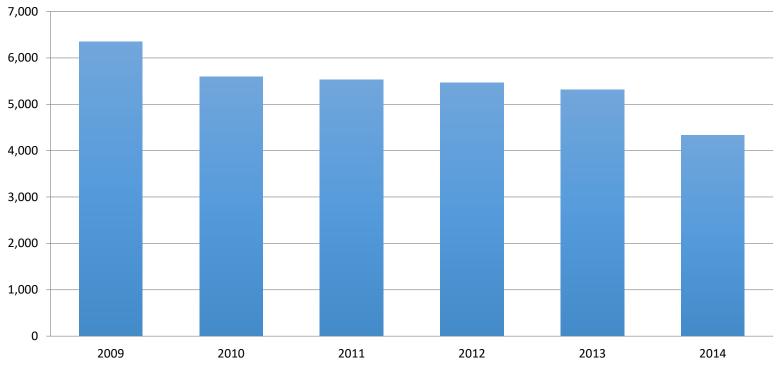
Items found only in the MD&A (e.g. gains, charges, deferred items, etc) that distort income statement results are rising rapidly.



# 32,583

### Over the last 5+ Years, we found 32,583 write-downs.

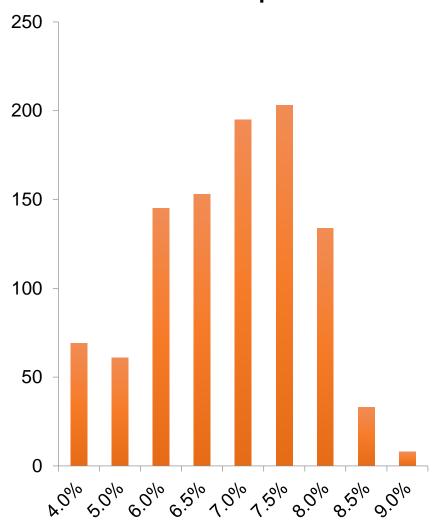
# of Write-Downs



Total - 3000+ companes

\*This graph was created based on information collected and analyzed by New Constructs, LLC. New Constructs regularly gathers information from over 3,000 companies' 10Ks, including the Notes to the Financial Statements and MD&A.

#### Distribution of Return On Plan Asset Assumptions



Auditors & investors need to know this data.

- Raising the expected Return on Plan Assets (EROPA) reduces reported pension expense.
- The mean EROPA for 2014 was 6.5%. Roughly 55% of companies expect a long-term return on plan assets between 6.5% and 7.5%.
- Virtusa Corp (VRTU) has the most aggressive assumptions, with EROPA of 10.38%, followed by Exlservice Holdings (EXLS) at 9%.

\*This graph was created based on information collected and analyzed by New Constructs, LLC. New Constructs regularly gathers information from over 3,000 companies' 10Ks, including the Notes to the Financial Statements and MD&A.

New Constructs



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 New Constructs = unadulterated expertise in accounting, finance and SEC filings.

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